## St. Benedict's Primary School SCIENCE KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS BUILDER

Science element from the National Curriculum – **Forces and Magnets** 

Context for learning	Knowledge and Skills for FORCES AND MAGNETS
YEAR 3	Skills
ILP Mighty Metals	Compare and group materials based on their magnetic properties.
STAGE 2  Big Question How do different forces effect metals?  Context: Magnetic object hunt/Step 10  Programme of Study  Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials.	Knowledge
	Some materials have magnetic properties. Magnetic materials are attracted to magnets. All
	magnetic materials are metals but not all metals are magnetic. Iron is a magnetic metal.
Context: Slip and Slide Compare how things move on different surfaces.	Skills Compare how objects move over surfaces made from different materials. Knowledge
	Friction is a force between two surfaces as they move over each other. Friction slows down a moving object. Smooth surfaces usually generate less friction than rough surfaces.
Context: Playground visit/Sorting and Classifying Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance.	Skills
	Explain that an object will not move unless a push or pull force is applied, describing forces in action and whether the force requires direct contact or whether the force can act at a distance (magnetic force).  Knowledge
	An object will not move unless a pushing or pulling force is applied. Some forces require direct contact, whereas other forces can act at a distance, such as magnetic force.
Context: Magnetic object hunt/Step 10 Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others.	Skills Compare and group materials based on their magnetic properties.
	Knowledge
	Some materials have magnetic properties. Magnetic materials are attracted to magnets. All magnetic materials are metals but not all metals are magnetic. Iron is a magnetic metal.
	ILP Mighty Metals Big Question How do different forces effect metals? Context: Magnetic object hunt/Step 10 Programme of Study Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials.  Context: Slip and Slide Compare how things move on different surfaces.  Context: Playground visit/Sorting and Classifying Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance.  Context: Magnetic object hunt/Step 10 Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and

Context: No	orth or South/Attract or Repel?	Skills
Describe magnets as having two poles.	Investigate and compare a range of magnets (bar, horseshoe and floating) and explain that magnets have two poles (north and south) and that opposite poles attract each other, while like poles repel each other.  Knowledge	
	Magnets have two poles (north and south). Opposite poles (north and south) attract each other, while like poles (north and north, or south and south) repel each other.	
Predict whet	orth or South/Attract or Repel? Ther two magnets will attract or repel each ading on which poles are facing.	Skills Investigate and compare a range of magnets (bar, horseshoe and floating) and explain that magnets have two poles (north and south) and that opposite poles attract each other, while like poles repel each other.  Knowledge
	Magnets have two poles (north and south). Opposite poles (north and south) attract each other, while like poles (north and north, or south and south) repel each other.	