

Cambridge Primary Stage 2

Activities to support you at home



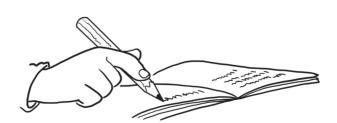
Brighter Thinking

Better Learning



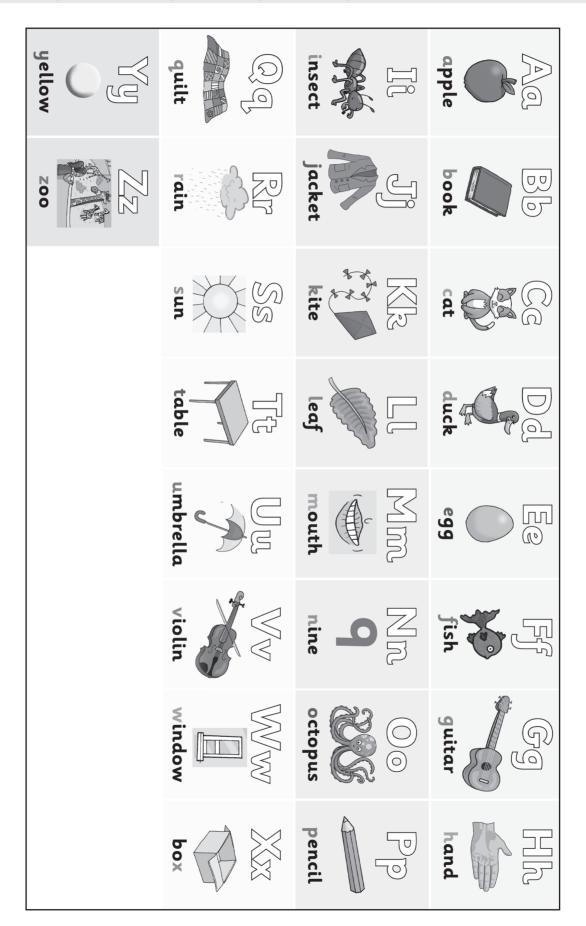
Photocopiable activity 2: Writer's checklist A

W	Words that begin with a capital letter				
	The first word of a sentence begins with a capital letter. This is a book.				
	The word <i>I</i> is always written with a capital I.				
	A name begins with a capital letter. Tanya Mr Kim				
	The name of a city, country, or school begins with a capital letter. Mecca Korea International School				
	The days of the week begin with a capital letter. Monday Tuesday				
	The names of the months begin with a capital letter. January February				





Photocopiable activity 3: The alphabet in pictures



Photocopiable activity 5: Writer's checklist B

Final punctuation

☐ Most sentences end with a full stop.

My name is Tony. ←

☐ A question ends with a question mark.

What's your name? ←

☐ A sentence that shows surprise or excitement ends with an exclamation mark.

My name is Tony, too! ←

Check the verb form!

Present simple

We usually add 's' to a verb after one person or thing.



The boy sings. I sing.

The birds sing.

With verbs that end in **sh, ch, ss** or **x**, we add **'es'**.



Amy washes Tomas and Daniel wash her hands. their hands.



Present continuous

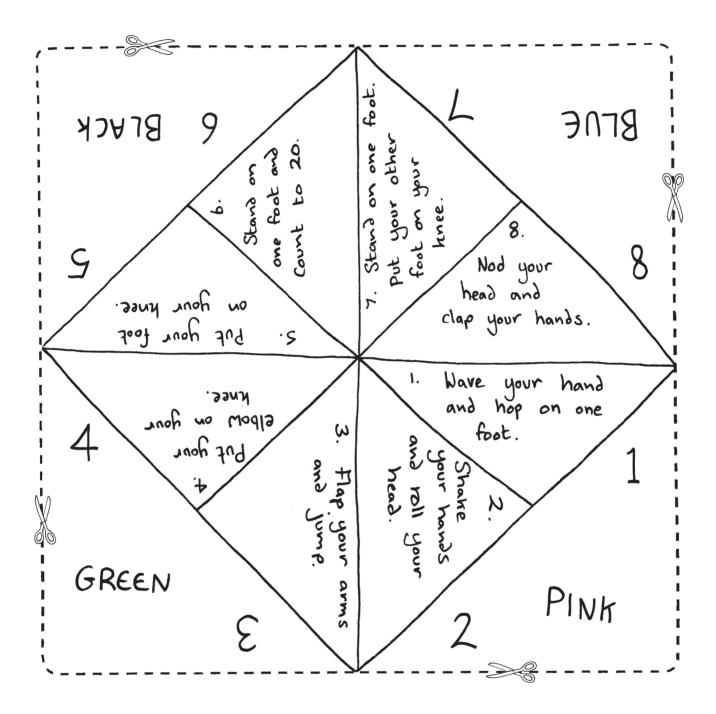
my hands.

I wash

Use I am ..., You are ..., He is ..., She is ..., We are ..., They are ...

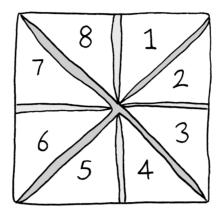
I am talking. We are waving. You are walking. You are eating. **He is** sitting. **She is** standing. **They are** painting.

Photocopiable activity 7: Pick a colour, pick a number

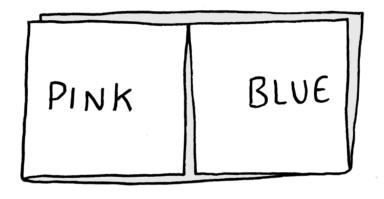


1 Cut out the square. Fold the 4 corners into the centre.

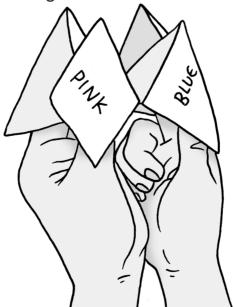
2 Turn the paper over. Fold the 4 corners into the centre.



3 Fold the paper so it looks like this.

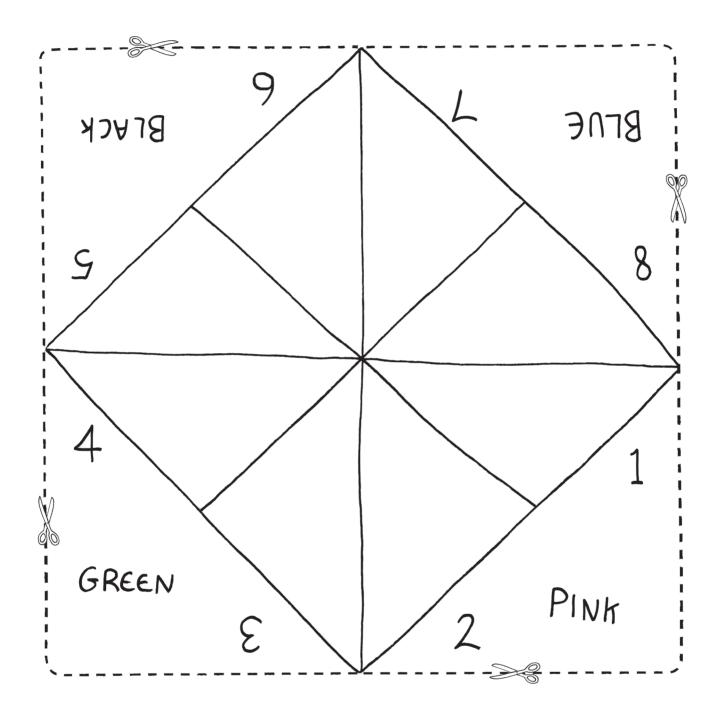


4 Put your thumb and pointer fingers under the colour flaps. Practise opening and closing.





Photocopiable activity 8: Pick a colour, pick a number — Make your own game!

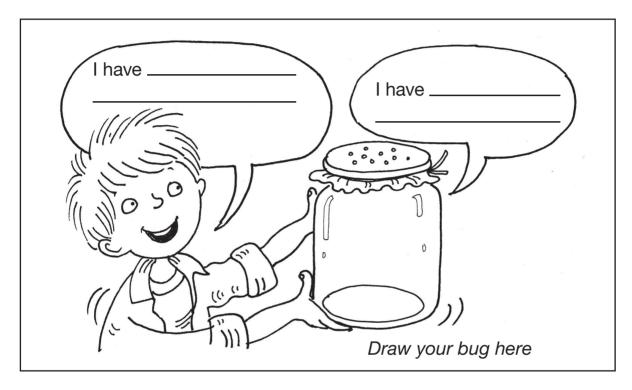


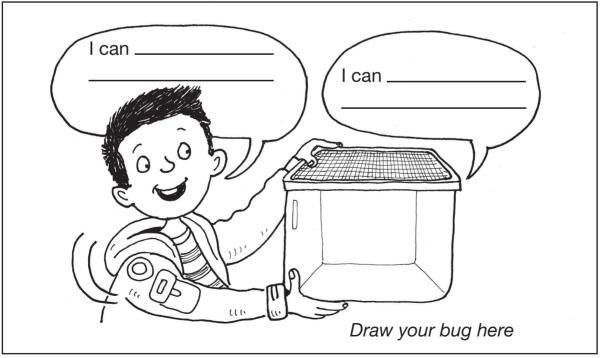


Photocopiable activity 13: Project C – Cartoon story *The boy and the bug*

Draw and write a cartoon story about a boy and a bug. How are they different?

- Choose your bug. What will you write about an ant, a cricket, or a bee?
- Write what the boy says.
- Draw your cartoon bug and write what your bug says.







Photocopiable activity 14: Write a poem

Haiku

An old silent pond ...

A frog jumps into the pond,

Splash! Silence again.

Matsuo Basho



A haiku is a short poem about nature. There are 3 lines in a haiku.

- The first line has 5 syllables.
- The second line has 7 syllables.
- The third line has 5 syllable.

Read the haiku again. Count the syllables in each line.

Now write your own 3-line poem about nature. Here are some ideas for a first line. Use one of these lines or think of a new one.

A ripe red pepper

On a small green leaf

The wind in the trees

I watch a spider

My favourite rock

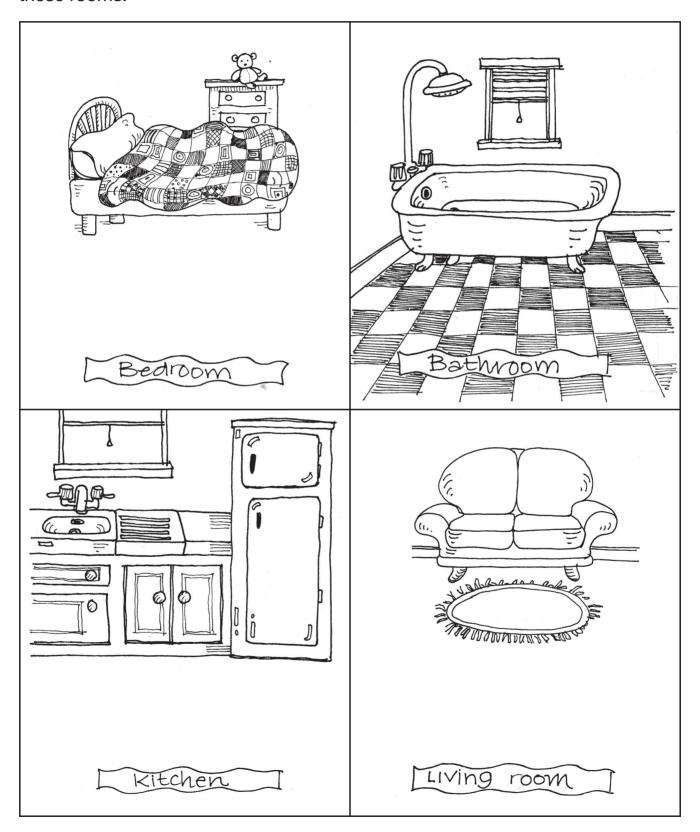
CHALLENGE: As a challenge, you can follow the syllable rules for writing a haiku. Or you can just write a 3-line poem. Draw a picture to go with your poem.

 (5 syllables)
 (7 syllables)
 (5 syllables)



Photocopiable activity 15: Rooms in a house

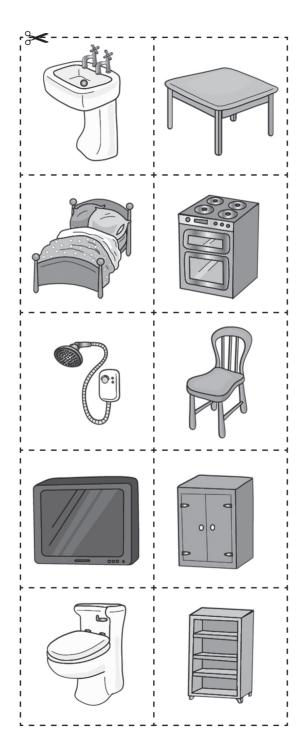
Cut out the objects from Photocopiable activity 16 and put them in these rooms.





Photocopiable activity 16: Objects in a house

Cut out these objects and put them in the rooms on Photocopiable activity 15.

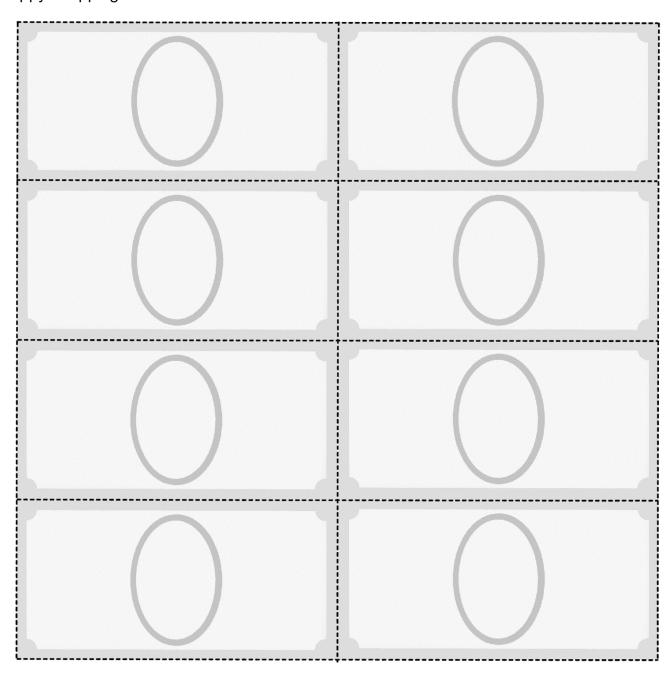


PCM 3 Pretend money

Name:	Date:

- 1 Cut out these cards to make your own pretend money. Stick the fronts to the backs (put the plain sides together).
- 2 Colour in your money if you like. Remember to add a number to show how much the note is worth.

Happy shopping!



PCM 4 Story sequence

Name:	Date:		
1 Cut out each starter and each end.2 Match the starters to the ends and stick them down in the right sequence.3 Use them to tell the story.			
Starters (S)	Ends (E)		
S At the beginning	Max spends the last note back in Candi's Corner on a set of pretend teeth (no oozing cherry syrup).		
S Then	Ruby has to spend three notes in the launderette.		
S Next	they spend one note on the bus. Ruby sees a music box in Rosalinda's Gift Shop.		
S After that	they spend four notes on earrings.		
S After lunch	Grandma picks them up because they have no more money left!		
S They don't have 100 notes so	they spend four notes on lunch.		
S Then	they go back to Rosalinda's Gift shop.		
S At the end	Max spends two notes in Candi's Corner on a set of pretend teeth oozing with cherry syrup.		

PCM 5 Story planning sheet

Name:	Date:	
Title of your story		
Characters		
1	3	
2	4	
	_	
	5	
Settings		
1	3	
	_	
2	4	
	5	
	3	
What do you want to buy?		
What do you want to buy?		
NAME - 1- 14 F- 10		
Who is it for?		
What do you buy next?		
What happens at the end?		

PCM 18 Writing about an explanation

Name:	Date:			
Read what someone wrote about the explanation Why do houses need roofs?				
Why do houses need roofs? is an explanation text. It tells you about roofs and the different ways they protect houses. Each sentence adds new information to what you knew before so you have to read the text from the beginning.				
•	The text is in the present tense. It has headings and diagrams with captions and labels. It is a good explanation. The diagrams help you to understand the writing.			
You should read the text	t if you are interested in buildings in different countries.			
·	ation text to write about. Answer the questions.			
What is the title of the text?				
What is the text about?				
What information does it give the reader?				
Does one thing lead to another? Explain how.				
Which features are there?				
Do you think it is a good explanation text? Why?				
Who should read the text?				
Why would they want to read it?				

PCM 19 Houses on the move comprehension activity

Na	me: Date:
	ouses on the move
So ho	me people don't stay in one place all the time, so they don't stay in buses. This might be for a holiday, or it might be for work, or it might be another reason.
Fo ce fo Yu co pc m	r 3000 years yurts have been used by people in ntral Asia when they move around to look for od for their animals. It is have a round wooden frame with a thick felt wer to keep the space inside warm. A family can ack their yurt onto camels very quickly so they can ove to another place.
liv ter co of	warmer parts of the world, like deserts, people to in tents while they look after their animals. The ents are more for shelter than for warmth, so the evering may be thinner than felt. Tents are made cloth draped over a wooden frame.
In ar ho	frozen places, seal hunters will build an igloo as a overnight shelter when they are away from ome. The hunter carves out blocks of ice and acces them to make a dome out of ice.
An 1	swer the questions: Give two reasons from the text why people might live in one of these houses
2	How do people carry yurts from place to place?
3	Why do yurts need a thicker covering than tents?

4 How are igloos different from yurts and tents?

PCM 20 Planning a talk on building a den

Name:	Date:			
What will you say to explain how to build	d a den?			
Building a den				
Dens are safe places that children can I shape. Inside dens can be built by putt	build almost anywhere. They can be any size or ting blankets over tables or chairs.			
Building an outside den				
Look at the pictures. How will you use the	em? Or what else will you use?			
old blankets and cushions branches branches tree cardboard box Draw a den you could build. Label everything you can.				
Write notes to remind you of:				
 all the things you will need. 	 the order you will have to do things. 			

PCM 22 Busy Day

Na	ame:	Date:
	Busy	Day
	Pop in	pop in for tea
	pop out	pop down to the shop
	pop over the road	can't stop
	pop out for a walk	got to pop
	pop down to the shop	
	can't stop	got to pop?
	got to pop	pop where?
		pop what?
	got to pop?	
	pop where?	well
	pop what?	I've got to
		pop in
	well	pop out
	I've got to	pop over the road
	pop round	pop out for a walk
	pop up	pop in for a talk
	pop into town	
	pop out and see	Michael Rosen
1	Underline the word <i>pop</i> each time you see it	in this poem.
2	Circle two words in the poem that rhyme wit	th <i>pop</i> .
3	Count the lines in this poem.	
4	What can you say about the layout of this po-	em?

PCM 23 Riding Down To Boxland

Name:	Date:
Read the poem. Then answer the question	ns.
Riding Dov	vn To Boxland
Riding down to boxland	Riding down to boxland
where people live in boxes,	no answer from inside,
riding down to boxland	riding sown to boxland
the people live in boxes	not a sound from inside
	I picked up the box
no chickens there,	to take it for a ride.
been eaten by the foxes.	
Riding down to boxland	Riding back from boxland
saw a box looking good,	the box coming with me,
riding down to boxland	riding back from boxland
found a box looking good,	the box coming with me,
wanted to knock on the box	laid it out at home, for everyone to see.
wondered if I should.	for everyone to see.
.,	when I got back from boxland
Riding down to boxland	everyone was there,
I knocked on the lid,	I was back from boxland
riding down to boxland	everyone was there,
knock, knock on the lid,	no one looked inside
though I knocked loud	there's no one who dared
you'd never know I did.	
	Michael Rosen
1 Where is boxland?	
2 What is boxland like?	
3 What did the poet find there?	
4 What did he do there?	
5 Why did he take the box for a ride?	
6 Why did no one dare to look inside?	

PCM 31 Planning a talk about a coral reef creature

•	Name: Date:
	My talk is about
	Choose something you want to say about the creature. Write one or two sentences about this topic.
_	Choose something else you want to say about it. Write one or two sentences about this topic.
	Choose another thing you want to say about it. Write one or two sentences about this topic.
-	Draw the creature.

PCM 37 Common joins 1

Name:		Date:		
Practise joining these letters.				
in	am			
QFC	my	her	SCIC	
	The			
	ħ.e	back	They	
	US			
Can	yes	and	NO	

PCM 38 Common joins 2

Name:	Date:
Practise joining the	ese letters.
on	we
	you some out could
oh	when
what	old which hot
WQS	
good	want moon odd

100 square jigsaw (1)

Complete the 100 square.

Then cut it out and give it to a partner to complete.

	2		4			7		9	
11		13		15	16		18		20
			24			27		29	30
	32		34	35			38		
41		43			46		48	49	
51				55		57			60
	62		64		66		68		
	72						78		80
81		83	84	85		87		89	
			94		96		98		

100 square jigsaw (2)

Complete the 100 square.

Then cut it out and give it to a partner to complete.

1				5			8	9	
	12		14			17		19	
21		23		25	26		28		
	32		34			37		39	40
41		43		45			48		50
	52		54			57		59	
	63	64		65					70
71			74		76		78		
	82		84				88		90
91		93		95	96			99	

100 square jigsaw (3)

Complete the 100 square.

Then cut it out and give it to a partner to complete.

			4		6		8		10
	12		14	15		17			
21			24		26		28		30
	32						38	39	
41			44		46		48		
	52	53		55			58		60
61			64	65		67		69	
	72	73			76		78		80
	82		84					89	
91		93			96		98		

100 square jigsaw (4)

Complete the 100 square.

Then cut it out and give it to a partner to complete.

		3		5		7	8		10
11	12				16			19	
21		23		25	26	27		29	
	32			35				39	
41		43			46	47			50
	52			55			58		60
		63	64			67			
	72							79	
		83	84		86		88		90
91	92			95		97		99	

I am	I am	I am
34	27	37
Who is	ı Who is	Who is
18+17?	18+18?	22+23?
I am	I am	I am
33	30	31
Who is	Who is	Who is
21+18?	22+18?	13+10?
1	+	
1	I am	I am
35	36	45
Who is	Who is	Who is
10 ± 112	19+24?	26+22?

*	,	
Iam	I am	I am
40	25	23
Who is	Who is	Who is
1	11 + 15?	15+17?
T (T	I am	I am
21	43	48
Who is	Who is	
22+10:	11+11?	12+12?

Counting grid

×	2	5	10
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

Complete the grid.

Draw a ring around a number you have written in the grid.

Draw the matching array.

Division stories

r -><		,	,
Jasmine fed 10 carrots to 2 horses. Each horse got the same number of carrots. How many carrots did each horse get?	with a friend. He shared his 20 marbles. How	took 6 sandwiches. How many did they	My bunch of grapes has 30 grapes. There are 5 of us, so how many will we have each?
many sweets can I eat	There are 5 donkeys in the field. I have 10 apples. How many can I give to each donkey?	share between 5 of us. How many sweets will	Abdul had 30 plants to put in 5 large pots. How many plants should he put in each pot?
tie them into bunches	I made 12 cakes to share with my family. There are 6 of us. How many cakes can we have each?	share between 2 of us.	Mum gave me a packet of 30 biscuits to share with everyone. There are 10 of us, so how many biscuits can we have each?

Double '5' strip

Count in	Double
fives	
0	0
5	
10	
100	

Double '5' strip

Count in	Double
fives	
0	0
5	
10	
100	

Doubling and multiplying by 2

	Doubling									
1	+	1	=							
2	+	2	=							
3	+	3	=							
4	+	4	=							
5	+	5	=							
6	+	6	=							
7	+	7	=							
8	+	8	=							
9	+	9	=							
1	0	+	1	0	=					

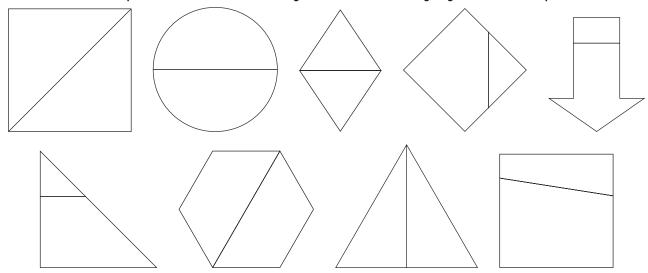
Multiplying by 2								
2	×	1	=					
2	×	2	=					
2	×	3	=					
2	×	4	=					
2	×	5	=					
2	×	6	=					
2	×	7	=					
2	×	8	=					
2	×	9	=					
2	×	1	0	=				

Find the difference cards

34-28 =	86-81 =	99–92 =	77-71 =	58-51 =
27-25 =	36-32 =	22-18 =	42-39 =	31–28 =
45-38 =	61–57 =	63-58 =	82-79 =	74–69 =
53-49 =	47-44 =	19–14 =	23–19 =	37-32 =
104-95 =	132–129 =	175–168 =	144–136 =	112–109 =
202-197 =	231–225 =	104-98 =	111–106 =	103-99 =

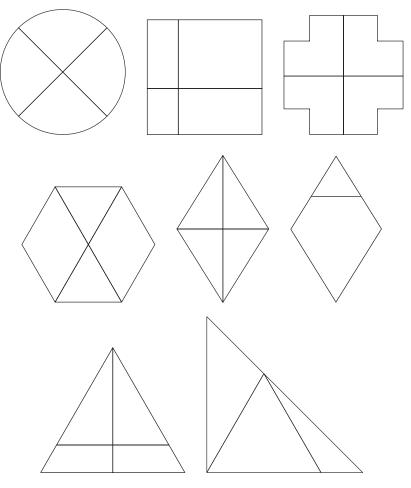
Is it a half?

Tick ✓ the shapes that show a half. Colour in half of those shapes.



Is it a quarter?

Tick \checkmark the shapes that show a quarter. Colour in a quarter of those shapes.



Making dough recipe

Ingredients

2 cups plain flour

1 cup salt

1 cup water

1 tablespoon cooking oil

A jug

A mixing bowl and spoon

Instructions

Mix the dry ingredients together in the bowl.

Pour the water and cooking oil into a jug and stir together.

Add the oil and water mixture to the dry ingredients and mix them together with the spoon.

Knead the dough to make it smooth.

Cut out biscuit shapes and place them on a baking tray.

Bake on a very low heat until they are hard.

Mazes

This little monkey counts in threes. Help him find his way home to his tree.

	54	51	4	3	
60	57	48	7	6	2
41	44	45	10	9	12
40	39	42	26	11	15
37	36	25	24	21	18
35	33	30	27	20	19

Mazes

This young lion counts in fours.

Help him find the hill where he roars!

42	43	44	48	52	
39	41	40	37	56	60
38	37	36	32	34	58
7	6	29	28	30	33
4	8	12	24	23	26
	2	16	20	22	25

Mixed division stories

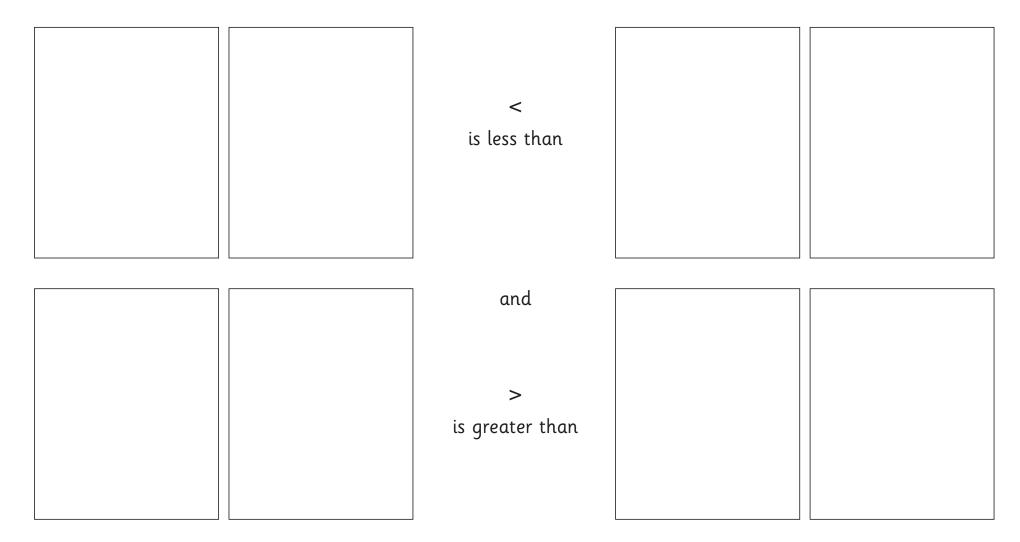
, -><	,	,
a partner. How many pairs of children will there	are 50 eggs in a basket. How many cartons do I need? Will all	There are 24 biscuits in a packet to share between 10 of us. How many can we have each? Are there any left over?
5 children can sit on a bench. How many benches are needed for 30 children?	I have 17 lego wheels. How many 4-wheeled cars can I make?	There are 12 chocolate bars in a pack. How many can my brother and I have each?
I have 8 shoes. When I put them into pairs, how many pairs will I have?	The biggest bunch of grapes has 35 grapes. How many grapes can my sister and I have each? Will there be any left over?	My father has collected 9 wheels. How many bicycles can he make?

More twos, fives or tens? (1)

Remote control cars need 5 batteries each. How many batteries for 9 cars?	There are 13 chickens in the chicken shed. How many legs?
12 children had 5 coloured pencils each. How many pencils altogether?	14 children need 10 beads each to make a necklace. How many beads are needed?
Each child needs 2 metres of string to make a model. There are 7 children. How much string is needed?	There are 7 people in a queue. How many toes in the queue?

Number Sentences

Using one set of digit cards, can you make both number sentences true at the same time?



Number wordsearch

Can you find these numbers, written in words in the wordsearch? zero, one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten.

Be careful, they could be across, down, up or diagonal!

X	w	р	t	е	I	h	r	t	у
u	0	р	е	i	а	S	d	f	g
h	j	r	0	r	е	Z	x	С	v
b	h	n	W	h	t	r	u	0	f
t	h	n	е	t	h	r	Z	W	i
W	S	е	d	r	g	t	g	h	V
0	n	е	С	V	i	у	i	р	е
Z	i	k	I	S	е	V	е	n	w
р	n	m	е	r	i	n	t	у	S
I	е	n	d	S	g	X	h	j	m

Solve it! extra (1)

The school bought a pack of 100 pencils. 9 were left. How many were given out?	There are 80 stickers on a sheet. This sheet has 7 left. How many have I given out?
There were 144 coloured pencils in the box. At the end of the week, there are 7 left. How many were used?	There are 37 fish in the fish tank. 8 are given away. How many fish in the tank now?
There are 72 bars of chocolate in a box. I find another box with 7 bars in it. How many bars of chocolate altogether?	There are 48 cakes on a tray. 9 are eaten. How many cakes are left?

Threes

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Worksheet 1.2a

Problems in our environment

Date:
we look after the environment ment.
People care for our environment

Worksheet 1.2b

Caring for the area around us

No	me: Date:					
1	Talk about things that could be done in your local area to help care for the environment. Write or draw them here.					
2	Think about how the environment could get better. Write or draw what you predict might happen here.					
3	Make a poster.					
	In your poster.					

- in your poster:
- **a** Tell people about ways to improve the local environment.
- **b** Tell people what you will do.
- **c** Suggest what they could do to help.

Worksheet 1.3b

Weather pictogram

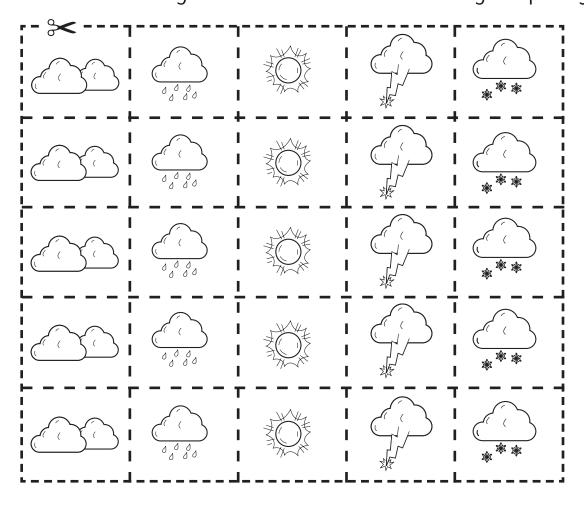
Name:	Date:					
Make a pictogram of the weath	ner for five	days.				
Use the symbols.			**			
Here is a grid for you to use.	80	# T	***			

	5					
Number of days	4					
	3					
	2					
	1					
	0					
1		cloudy	rainy	sunny	snow	thunder

Weather

Worksheet 1.3b

Cut out these symbols and stick them on to your pictogram.



Worksheet 1.3d

Making a wind meter

Name: Date:

- 1 Glue one end of each strip of paper to one end of the stick.
- **2** Take the stick outside. Hold it up in the air.
- Where is the wind. Which way is the wind coming from? The strips of paper will blow in the opposite direction.

- You will need:
- a stick
- strips of paper
- glue



Make sure that no one else is close by when you hold your stick in the air.

4 How would you describe the wind?

Complete the sentence. Use these words.

not very strong quite strong very strong

Today the wind was

Worksheet 1.4

The right clothes

Name:	Date:
Draw yourself wearing the righe each box.	nt clothes for the weather in
deep snow	very heavy rain
very hot weather	very windy weather

Worksheet 4.1b

Sorting light sources

Name: _____ Date: ____

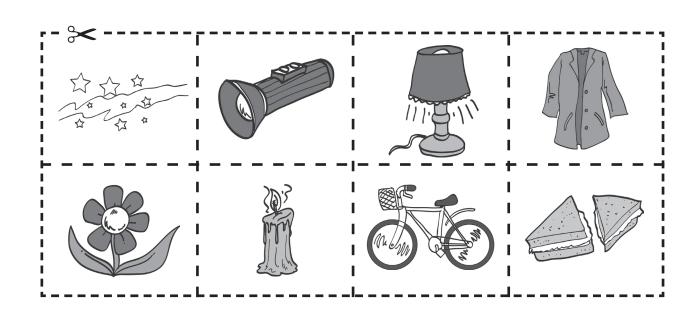
Cut out the pictures and sort them. Is each one a light source or not?

light sources



not light sources





Worksheet 4.3a

Draw yourself and your shadow

Name:	Date:	
Go outside.		
Make a shape. Look ca	refully at your shado	W.
Draw it here.		

Tell your friends about your shadow.